OFFENDERS WITH SPECIAL NEEDS

DEFINITIONS:

Communicable diseases are those that are transmitted sexually (e.g., syphilis, gonorrhea, chlamydia, HIV), through the respiratory system (e.g., tuberculosis) or by infected blood (e.g., hepatitis).

Physical disabilities refer to mobility impairments (e.g., amputations, paraplegia), those requiring assistive devices such as canes or crutches, and visual, hearing or speech impairments.

Assistive Disability Services (ADS), describes the UTMB program that is designed to coordinate and/or provide care for offenders with mobility, vision, hearing or speech impairments.

Offenders who are frail and elderly are those who frequently suffer from conditions that impair their ability to function (e.g., dress, feed, transfer, toilet) to the extent that they require special nursing care.

Offenders who are terminally ill are defined as having an incurable condition expected to result in death within six (6) months regardless of life sustaining treatment and requiring skilled nursing, hospice or home health care. (Correctional Managed Health Care Policy A-08.6, “Medically Recommended Intensive Supervision [MRIS] Screening.”)

Offenders with serious mental health needs include people with psychotic disorders or mood disorders, self-mutilators, the aggressive mentally ill, and offenders who are suicidal.

Offenders who are intellectually disabled may need habilitation planning, assistance in accepting the limitations of their conditions and special attention to their physical safety in the correctional environment.

POLICY:

I. The Correctional Managed Health Care Committee, its agents, and the TDCJ Health Services Division provide services for offenders who require medical supervision and/or multidisciplinary care. These include but are not limited to offenders who:
   A. Are chronically ill or have a communicable disease;
   B. require Assistive Disability Services;
   C. are frail elderly;
   D. are terminally ill;
   E. are seriously mentally ill;
   F. have an intellectual disability; and/or,
   G. are pregnant.

II. As appropriate, offenders who are terminally ill should be considered for hospice services and/or early release under Government Code §508.146 Medically Recommended Intensive Supervision.
OFFENDERS WITH SPECIAL NEEDS

(See Correctional Managed Health Care Policy A-08.6, “Medically Recommended Intensive Supervision [MRIS] Screening.”)

III. Any offender suspected of or diagnosed with one of the special needs listed in Section I. should be referred through established referral procedures to the appropriate program and/or service.

IV. Interpreters will be provided to offenders whose primary means of communication is via American Sign Language or finger spelling. The specific occasions for which interpreters are provided are:

   A. Completing the diagnostic process;
   B. major/minor disciplinary hearings;
   C. state/facility classification committee hearings;
   D. medical/dental appointments;
   E. mental health appointments;
   F. job placement interviews; and,
   G. substitute counsel for major/minor case reviews.

References:

   Government Code §508.146. Medically Recommended Intensive Supervision
   ACA Standard 4-4350 (Revised January 2006)
   ACA Standard 4-4359 (Ref. New) Mandatory
   ACA Standard 4-4368 (Revised January 2006) Mandatory
   ACA Standard 4-4399 (Revised January 2006)
   CMHC Infection Control Manual
   CMHC Mental Health Services Departmental Policy Manual
   CMHC Policy G-51.3, “Admission Health Appraisals for Offenders with Physical Disabilities”
   CMHC Policy G-51.5, “Certified American Sign Language (ASL) Interpreter Services.”
   CMHC Policy G-51.8, “Care of Offenders with Terminal Conditions.”